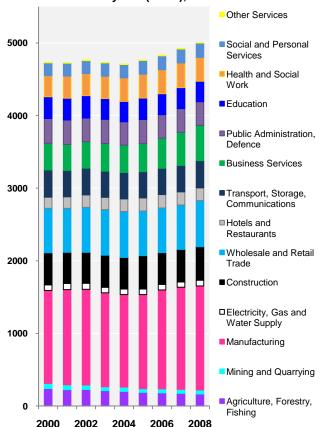
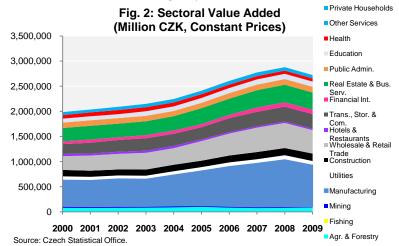
Fig. 1: Employment by Major Economic Activity ('000s), 2000-2008



Source: ILO Laborsta; Persons aged 15 years and over.



Manufacturing

The manufacturing sector is the largest employer among major economic activities in the Czech Republic. This sector provided 1.43 million jobs, or 28.6 per cent of total jobs in 2008 (see Figs. 1 & 3). The number of jobs in the sector increased by more than 151,000 between 2000 and 2008, and the sector grew at average annual rate of nearly 1.4 per cent. Manufacturing sector employment has been growing at nearly twice the annual rate of the economy as a whole. The total Czech economy added more than 270,000 jobs over this period, with manufacturing creating more than half of all new jobs in the economy. Manufacturing also contributes a significant portion of value added to the country's GDP, reaching more than 32 per cent of value added GDP in 2008 (see Fig. 2).

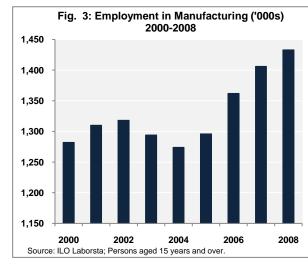
The largest manufacturing sectors in the Czech Republic in 2008, in terms of employment, are the fabricated metal products industry (179,500 jobs); the motor vehicles industry (151,300 jobs); the machinery and equipment manufacturing industry (149,500 jobs) and the food products and beverages processing industry (112,500 jobs). Employment levels in all subsectors, except food and beverage manufacturing, have increased between 2000 and 2008. Growth in motor vehicles manufacturing was particularly rapid, averaging 8.9 per cent annually. Employment levels in this subsector more than doubled over the same period.

The manufacturing industry in the Czech Republic is anchored by small and medium sized enterprises, which represent the largest number of enterprises operating within the industry. In 2006, more than 140,000 manufacturing enterprises with less than 20 employees were in operation. Flows of foreign direct investment in manufacturing have increased in the Czech Republic over the last several years, reaching a peak of more than 813 million USD in 2008. FDI flows in manufacturing during that year were concentrated in the food products industry, the mechanical products industry, and the radio, television and communications industry. The motor vehicle and metal products industries have also been strong recipients of FDI flows in recent years. Major flows of FDI have come primarily from other European Union countries including Austria, Germany and Switzerland, but also from the Russian Federation, the Republic of Korea and the United States.

Average working time in manufacturing remained fairly constant between 2000 and 2008, averaging between 40.7 and 40.4 hours per week over this period. Workers in the paper and paper products industry and the

food products and beverage industry experienced slightly longer average work weeks, with 41.4 and 41.8 hours per week, respectively. Workers in the clothing and chemicals and chemical products industries on average worked less than other manufacturing sector employees, with working hours averaging less than 39 hours per week over the same period.

Average earnings by workers in the manufacturing industry were slightly below the 2007 average for workers in all major economic activities taken as a whole. Manufacturing workers earned an average of 19,761 koruna per month, compared to 20,333 koruna per month for all workers. Average earnings in manufacturing increased at an average annual rate of 6.2 per cent between 2000 and 2007, slightly less than the 6.5 per cent growth in earnings for all workers over the same period.





Wholesale & Retail Trade



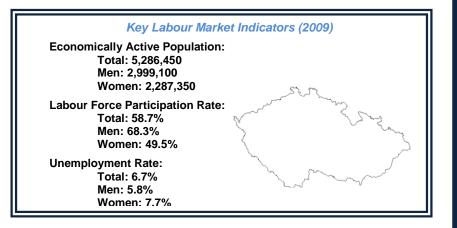
Commerce (also referred to as wholesale and retail trade) is the Czech Republic's second largest employer, after manufacturing sector. In 2008, wholesale and retail trade provided 633,000 jobs; representing 12.7 per cent of total employment (see Figs. 1 & 4). Between 2000 2008. the sector contributed 7.6 per cent of the 270,000 net iobs generated throughout the economy.

The sector also contributed about 18 per cent of the 2008 GDP (see Fig. 2), up from its contribution of just 13.8 per cent in 2000.

The country's 2008 merchandise exports were approximately USD 146.8 billion, with imports at more than USD 142 billion. Manufactured goods, principally passenger cars, motor vehicle parts, computer equipment and basic metal products, represented nearly 90 per cent of those exports. The Czech Republic's main trading partners in 2008 included other European Union countries, the Russian Federation and the United States.

Investment growth in retail was mainly driven by companies headquartered in older European Union member states, such as Germany's Metro, Tesco from the UK, and Austria's Billa. The growing influence of such global retailers can be seen in the growing market share of larger department stores and hypermarkets though the role of small, independent retailers and grocery stores remains important, particularly in the more rural areas. Discount shops are also thriving.

Average monthly earnings in wholesale and retail trade, at Koruna 19,365, are lower than the all-industry monthly average of Koruna 20,333; the sector's average annual wage gains, at 6.3 per cent are also lower than the 6.5 per cent for the economy as a whole.

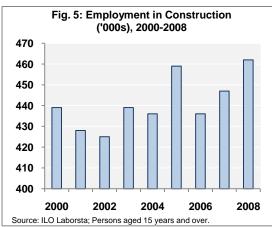


Construction

The construction industry provided 461,900 jobs in 2008, making it the third largest employment sector in the Czech Republic (see Figs. 1 & 5). The construction sector has added nearly 23,000 jobs since 2000 and has consistently contributed around 9 per cent of jobs in the total economy since 2000. In terms of value added to GDP, the sector contributed 5.1 per cent of value added in 2008. This represents a decline however, from the sector's 6.5 per cent share in 2000 (see Fig. 2).

Workers in the construction sector in the Czech Republic are engaged in a variety of different project types including both the development of private residential and non-residential buildings, civil engineering projects and other public works, as well as the renovation, maintenance and upgrading of existing infrastructure in the country. Public bodies were the leading domestic investors in construction contracts, particularly for civil engineering and water works programs. Projects in the construction sector have also included large transport infrastructure initiatives throughout the country, particularly the construction of motorways and the completion of an additional terminal at Prague's international airport. Small and medium-sized construction companies in particular have benefited from an increased number of private sector renovation and modernization projects, as well as from an increased number of new construction starts for individual housing units.

In terms of working conditions in the industry in the Czech Republic, workers in construction earned less than the average worker in 2007, with salaries averaging 18,781.0 koruna per month in construction compared to the national average of 20,333 koruna per month. This represents a strong increase over wage levels in the industry in 2000, when average monthly wages were just 12,509.0 koruna. Average earnings in the construction sector increased at an average annual rate of 7.2 per cent between 2000 and 2007, slightly faster than the overall average annual increase of 6.5 per cent over the same period.





Czech Republic

Table 1:	GDP Value	Added by I	ndustry (Mi	llion CZK, Co	onstant Price	es) & % Sha	re in Total \	/alue Addec	
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total GDP	1,983,446.0	2,033,431.0	2,084,939.0	2,145,893.0	2,241,935.0	2,389,142.0	2,570,473.0	2,722,061.0	2,813,334.
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Agr. & Forestry	76,560.0	74,419.0	76,870.0	79,953.0	86,149.0	95,659.0	80,699.0	71,288.0	74,985.0
,	3.9%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.8%	4.0%	3.1%	2.6%	2.7%
Fishing	598.0	610.0	750.0	587.0	646.0	691.0	774.0	582.0	535.0
-	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mining	29,144.0	27,264.0	27,996.0	24,953.0	28,554.0	25,008.0	25,211.0	23,950.0	23,694.0
-	1.5%	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%	1.3%	1.0%	1.0%	0.9%	0.8%
Manufacturing	532,071.0	529,385.0	558,007.0	552,440.0	625,633.0	700,034.0	802,228.0	876,315.0	945,050.0
	26.8%	26.0%	26.8%	25.7%	27.9%	29.3%	31.2%	32.2%	33.6%
Utilities	65,965.0	63,094.0	58,351.0	59,300.0	64,671.0	66,565.0	73,053.0	72,765.0	79,954.0
	3.3%	3.1%	2.8%	2.8%	2.9%	2.8%	2.8%	2.7%	2.8%
Construction	127,961.0	121,578.0	119,326.0	122,404.0	129,390.0	127,867.0	136,767.0	143,159.0	143,315.0
	6.5%	6.0%	5.7%	5.7%	5.8%	5.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.1%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	273,969.0	301,782.0	310,703.0	332,835.0	330,141.0	390,314.0	436,957.0	485,182.0	499,770.0
	13.8%	14.8%	14.9%	15.5%	14.7%	16.3%	17.0%	17.8%	17.8%
Hotels & Restaurants	43,407.0	40,123.0	40,872.0	41,561.0	44,707.0	35,647.0	29,095.0	28,263.0	28,890.0
	2.2%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	2.0%	1.5%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%
Trans., Stor. & Com.	194,982.0	215,348.0	234,800.0	248,463.0	241,087.0	240,295.0	276,717.0	288,288.0	294,165.0
	9.8%	10.6%	11.3%	11.6%	10.8%	10.1%	10.8%	10.6%	10.5%
Financial Int.	56,298.0	62,062.0	53,380.0	61,438.0	65,593.0	60,883.0	66,449.0	84,192.0	86,075.0
	2.8%	3.1%	2.6%	2.9%	2.9%	2.5%	2.6%	3.1%	3.1%
Real Estate & Bus. Serv.	265,393.0	273,913.0	270,932.0	276,501.0	284,200.0	317,786.0	320,966.0	344,898.0	350,861.0
	13.4%	13.5%	13.0%	12.9%	12.7%	13.3%	12.5%	12.7%	12.5%
Public Admin.	107,133.0	110,227.0	110,590.0	108,414.0	104,692.0	106,018.0	111,016.0	110,752.0	112,492.0
	5.4%	5.4%	5.3%	5.1%	4.7%	4.4%	4.3%	4.1%	4.0%
Education	78,678.0	79,837.0	78,227.0	90,818.0	90,956.0	96,637.0	101,808.0	103,702.0	104,705.0
	4.0%	3.9%	3.8%	4.2%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%	3.8%	3.7%
Health	69,762.0	77,364.0	83,187.0	80,300.0	77,192.0	75,289.0	68,681.0	65,662.0	63,380.0
	3.5%	3.8%	4.0%	3.7%	3.4%	3.2%	2.7%	2.4%	2.3%
Other Services	61,275.0	56,180.0	62,702.0	66,217.0	69,042.0	69,499.0	72,329.0	72,782.0	67,921.0
	3.1%	2.8%	3.0%	3.1%	3.1%	2.9%	2.8%	2.7%	2.4%
Private Households	250.0	245.0	303.0	348.0	386.0	328.0	362.0	314.0	288.0
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Source: Czech Statistical Office.

Notes: Sectors are classified according to the national classification of industrial sectors as reported by the national source. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding and other adjustments introduced by the national source.

Share in Sectoral Value Added, 2000

Private Households Agr. & Forestry Other Services _0.0% 3.9% Health _3.1% Fishing 0.0% Mining 3.5% Education 1.5% 4.0% Manufacturing Public Admin. 26.8% 5.4% Real Estate & Bus. Serv. 13.4% Financial Int. 2.8% Utilities 3.3% Trans., Stor. & Construction Com. 9.8% Hotels & . Wholesale & Retail Trade Source: Czech Statistical Office. 13.8%

Share in Sectoral Value Added, 2008

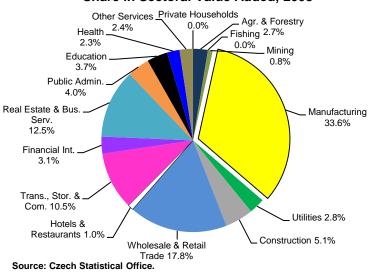


	Table 2: World Merchandise Exports (Thousand USD, Current Prices)												
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009			
Total All Products	29,052,866.8	33,384,210.4	44,263,575.8	48,720,350.3	65,771,586.9	78,208,547.5	95,140,986.3	120,900,492.2	146,087,028.7	112,884,321.3			
All Food Items	1,205,136.0	1,266,735.7	1,493,874.7	1,671,528.3	2,260,955.0	3,112,500.9	3,336,948.8	4,663,193.0	5,898,031.2	5,111,051.8			
Food	987,557.8	1,036,829.5	1,115,991.5	1,379,275.7	1,921,056.9	2,676,377.6	2,865,022.6	3,950,440.4	4,948,287.6	4,270,615.3			
Beverages & Tobacco	217,578.2	229,906.2	377,883.2	292,252.5	339,898.1	436,123.2	471,926.3	712,752.6	949,743.6	840,436.5			
Agricultural Raw Materials	700,257.8	676,388.8	974,292.8	936,350.0	1,021,867.8	1,126,026.4	1,269,538.3	1,592,966.3	1,788,138.1	1,537,198.5			
Ores, Metals, Precious Stones & Non- Monetary Gold	566,841.5	590,744.1	683,905.9	890,725.4	1,326,245.5	1,290,990.3	1,891,985.6	2,336,382.4	2,811,476.8	2,015,946.5			
Ores & Metals	540,375.5	555,907.2	623,207.9	823,930.4	1,286,612.9	1,267,391.7	1,868,005.3	2,300,641.5	2,757,624.9	1,955,600.7			
Fuels	887,415.3	1,002,972.4	1,787,560.3	1,401,565.6	1,819,113.3	2,310,475.4	2,631,382.6	3,180,361.1	4,400,239.7	4,040,058.9			
Coal, Coke, & Briquettes	356,654.1	409,553.9	402,581.8	469,463.0	711,341.3	859,681.7	902,118.1	1,059,203.2	1,605,071.0	1,076,239.6			
Petroleum, Petroleum Products & Related Materials	342,025.9	377,904.0	1,066,169.5	461,769.6	459,904.2	675,312.4	716,128.4	699,745.4	1,350,429.3	679,685.9			
Gas, Natural & Manufactured	5,856.4	17,680.1	34,673.7	25,683.3	25,625.6	46,738.4	64,080.0	72,533.4	87,168.7	469,907.6			
Electric Current	182,879.0	197,834.4	284,135.3	444,649.7	622,242.2	728,742.8	949,056.1	1,348,879.1	1,357,570.6	1,814,225.8			
Manufactured Goods	25,692,950.4	29,847,269.2	39,288,994.9	43,820,156.6	59,320,041.4	68,933,542.5	84,322,236.9	109,056,510.9	127,586,489.3	97,859,787.4			
Chemicals	2,062,617.4	2,147,897.1	3,442,286.9	2,862,618.4	3,838,702.5	4,797,359.2	5,549,834.1	6,932,430.7	8,342,377.9	6,877,657.5			
Machinery & Transport Equipment	12,917,040.1	15,812,163.5	22,047,904.1	24,417,442.1	33,784,859.2	39,242,491.3	50,038,670.9	65,960,537.9	77,231,570.6	59,528,081.3			
Iron & Steel	1,229,457.9	1,403,395.6	1,485,279.4	1,914,361.6	3,059,063.9	3,645,295.2	4,291,131.2	5,560,620.5	6,853,752.2	3,618,039.1			
Textile Fibres, Yarn, Fabrics & Clothing	1,933,364.5	2,075,201.5	2,229,439.0	2,515,063.3	3,078,959.6	3,460,384.7	3,581,969.5	4,211,941.6	4,415,388.0	3,534,102.2			
Other Manufactured Goods	10,713,292.9	11,887,208.5	13,798,803.9	16,540,096.1	21,696,479.7	24,893,691.9	28,733,731.9	36,163,542.3	42,012,540.8	31,454,048.6			

Source: UNCTADStat. Data presented according to SITC Rev.3 and standard UNCTAD product groupings.

	Table 3: World Merchandise Imports (Thousand USD, Current Prices)												
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009			
Total All Products	32,242,586.5	36,476,653.5	48,230,794.2	51,239,343.4	66,705,681.9	76,527,310.3	93,429,474.5	116,822,197.5	141,833,836.0	104,849,536.2			
All Food Items	1,585,092.3	1,711,840.6	2,040,636.1	2,461,098.8	3,330,066.6	4,040,937.2	4,729,335.1	6,051,602.6	7,201,740.9	6,614,765.2			
Food	1,393,728.6	1,520,411.3	1,810,404.0	2,192,463.9	2,918,535.9	3,561,409.5	4,160,631.9	5,272,992.3	6,467,766.9	5,904,630.1			
Beverages & Tobacco	191,363.7	191,429.3	230,232.0	268,634.9	411,530.7	479,527.7	568,703.1	778,610.3	733,974.0	710,135.1			
Agricultural Raw Materials	668,330.0	684,596.7	963,727.0	913,257.4	1,051,619.2	1,171,646.0	1,289,262.9	1,538,303.9	1,821,800.4	1,313,574.6			
Ores, Metals, Precious Stones & Non- Monetary Gold	1,182,822.4	1,266,105.5	1,407,104.3	1,709,460.8	2,594,706.1	2,756,557.0	4,005,310.4	4,980,527.3	5,615,179.3	3,292,988.2			
Ores & Metals	1,168,660.3	1,253,844.4	1,395,176.6	1,691,678.5	2,580,260.6	2,737,285.8	3,974,350.2	4,935,682.6	5,533,299.0	3,207,464.2			
Fuels	3,107,969.8	3,306,640.7	6,570,569.2	3,828,000.8	4,415,852.0	5,053,306.8	8,397,314.6	9,198,290.3	14,710,470.3	9,587,096.5			
Coal, Coke, & Briquettes	75,598.9	89,933.2	86,625.2	123,607.2	297,725.9	213,643.4	299,873.6	408,051.9	583,198.4	331,634.5			
Petroleum, Petroleum Products & Related Materials	1,932,214.9	1,936,909.6	4,241,138.9	2,247,874.3	3,025,152.0	4,581,672.4	5,515,111.4	5,945,948.3	8,763,959.3	5,020,232.7			
Gas, Natural & Manufactured	1,051,443.3	1,223,228.7	2,136,516.4	1,324,442.0	961,944.0	64,637.8	2,229,936.7	2,301,829.2	4,331,235.9	3,170,939.4			
Electric Current	48,712.7	56,569.2	106,288.7	132,077.2	131,030.1	193,353.3	352,392.8	542,460.8	1,032,076.7	1,064,289.8			
Manufactured Goods	25,698,362.5	29,507,443.8	37,229,964.3	42,326,608.2	55,287,227.7	60,261,631.8	73,591,079.9	95,022,769.6	110,866,685.5	81,995,808.3			
Chemicals	3,604,635.4	3,973,286.5	6,083,284.9	5,843,395.5	7,439,132.6	8,297,334.7	9,616,142.9	12,069,693.2	14,307,579.3	11,389,059.9			
Machinery & Transport Equipment	12,930,823.7	15,392,573.7	18,404,363.3	21,932,464.5	28,387,933.2	30,254,820.2	38,397,449.8	50,642,860.1	58,182,009.9	42,761,554.4			
Iron & Steel	1,368,176.5	1,442,403.8	1,526,060.0	1,944,928.2	3,219,156.7	4,007,595.2	5,008,438.4	6,903,363.3	8,414,067.0	4,290,625.7			
Textile Fibres, Yarn, Fabrics & Clothing	1,884,046.5	2,028,574.4	2,452,730.1	2,594,209.4	3,366,008.5	3,698,536.7	3,904,100.5	4,518,181.4	5,084,406.9	3,912,819.0			
Other Manufactured Goods	9,162,903.3	10,141,583.6	12,742,316.2	14,550,748.1	19,460,161.9	21,709,476.8	25,577,487.2	32,310,216.3	38,377,096.3	27,845,194.0			

Source: UNCTADStat. Data presented according to SITC Rev.3 and standard UNCTAD product groupings.

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total Employment	4,732.0	4,728.0	4,765.0	4,733.0	4,707.0	4,764.0	4,828.0	4,922.0	5,002.0
1 1, 1	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	241.0	225.0	228.0	213.0	202.0	189.0	182.0	:	:
<i>, , , , , , , , , ,</i>	5.1%	4.8%	4.8%	4.5%	4.3%	4.0%	3.8%	:	:
Mining and Quarrying	70.0	67.0	61.0	53.0	59.0	49.0	55.0	54.0	55.6
, ,	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
Manufacturing	1,282.0	1,310.0	1,318.0	1,294.0	1,274.0	1,296.0	1,362.0	1,406.0	1,432.9
· ·	27.1%	27.7%	27.7%	27.3%	27.1%	27.2%	28.2%	28.6%	28.6%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	77.0	87.0	84.0	77.0	76.0	77.0	77.0	73.0	78.0
37	1.6%	1.8%	1.8%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%
Construction	439.0	428.0	425.0	439.0	436.0	459.0	436.0	447.0	461.9
	9.3%	9.1%	8.9%	9.3%	9.3%	9.6%	9.0%	9.1%	9.2%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	613.0	605.0	620.0	628.0	631.0	615.0	614.0	613.0	633.4
	13.0%	12.8%	13.0%	13.3%	13.4%	12.9%	12.7%	12.5%	12.7%
Hotels and Restaurants	156.0	159.0	171.0	171.0	175.0	182.0	187.0	181.0	176.9
	3.3%	3.4%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%	3.8%	3.9%	3.7%	3.5%
Transport, Storage, Communications	373.0	363.0	368.0	359.0	364.0	360.0	361.0	364.0	374.8
	7.9%	7.7%	7.7%	7.6%	7.7%	7.6%	7.5%	7.4%	7.5%
Financial Intermediation	100.0	101.0	95.0	96.0	94.0	97.0	92.0	102.0	115.0
	2.1%	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	2.1%	2.3%
Real Estate, Rental, Business Services	266.0	256.0	269.0	285.0	282.0	288.0	321.0	353.0	370.1
	5.6%	5.4%	5.6%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.6%	7.2%	7.4%
Public Administration, Defence	343.0	339.0	326.0	332.0	323.0	333.0	326.0	326.0	326.8
·	7.2%	7.2%	6.8%	7.0%	6.9%	7.0%	6.8%	6.6%	6.5%
Education	299.0	300.0	309.0	288.0	279.0	297.0	288.0	290.0	281.7
	6.3%	6.3%	6.5%	6.1%	5.9%	6.2%	6.0%	5.9%	5.6%
Health and Social Work	291.0	304.0	304.0	307.0	324.0	328.0	330.0	338.0	327.6
	6.1%	6.4%	6.4%	6.5%	6.9%	6.9%	6.8%	6.9%	6.5%
Social and Personal Services	176.0	178.0	179.0	185.0	184.0	190.0	193.0	194.0	198.9
	3.7%	3.8%	3.8%	3.9%	3.9%	4.0%	4.0%	3.9%	4.0%
Private Households Employment	2.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5
. ,	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Extra-Territorial Organizations	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
Ü	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Not classifiable by economic activity	2.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
,	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Note: Persons 15 years and older. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding. Total employment is comprised of all persons above a specific age who during a specified brief period were either in paid employment at work, with a job but not at work, or self-employed. This category covers not only employees (wage earners and salaried employees), but also employers, own-account workers, members of producers' cooperatives, contributing family workers and workers not classifiable by status. Data are non-seasonally adjusted.

Source: ILO Laborsta.

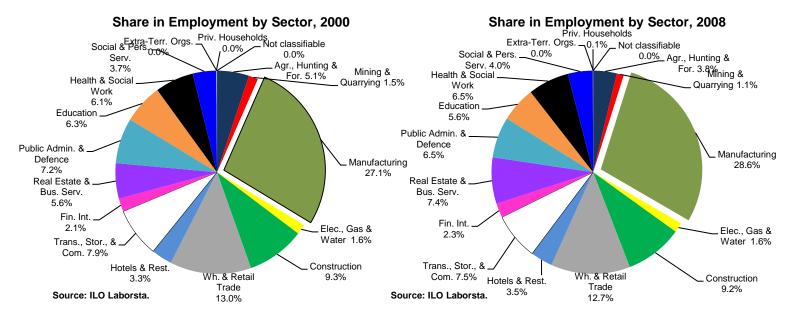


Table 5: Employment in Manufacturing (thousands)											
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
Recycling	6.0	7.0	7.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	5.0	8.0	8.0		
Furniture; Manufacturing NEC	62.0	73.0	64.0	60.0	66.0	65.0	59.0	63.0	57.8		
Other Transport Equipment	20.0	22.0	19.0	20.0	19.0	19.0	23.0	20.0	22.3		
Motor Vehicles, Trailers and Semi-Trailers	74.0	70.0	79.0	85.0	99.0	102.0	128.0	141.0	151.3		
Precision Instruments, Watches and Clocks	16.0	21.0	15.0	12.0	15.0	21.0	20.0	24.0	23.3		
Communication Equipment and Apparatus	34.0	38.0	36.0	35.0	35.0	33.0	41.0	41.0	41.9		
Electrical Machinery, Apparatus NEC	63.0	66.0	68.0	64.0	64.0	73.0	76.0	89.0	97.6		
Office, Accounting, Computing Machinery	7.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	12.0	17.0	22.0	19.8		
Machinery and Equipment NEC	139.0	137.0	132.0	129.0	122.0	129.0	130.0	128.0	149.5		
Fabricated Metal Products NEC	126.0	133.0	143.0	149.0	147.0	161.0	172.0	179.0	179.5		
Basic Metals	85.0	85.0	81.0	74.0	74.0	68.0	71.0	67.0	73.3		
Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products	79.0	75.0	71.0	75.0	65.0	68.0	65.0	65.0	71.0		
Rubber and Plastics Products	52.0	61.0	66.0	70.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	81.0	80.5		
Chemicals and Chemical Products	48.0	46.0	46.0	44.0	48.0	45.0	47.0	47.0	50.5		
Petroleum Refining and Related Products	7.0	7.0	7.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	2.8		
Printing and Publishing	30.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	32.0	37.0	40.0	37.7		
Paper and Paper Products	25.0	21.0	26.0	24.0	23.0	26.0	25.0	24.0	21.1		
Wood and Wood Products	52.0	48.0	55.0	52.0	49.0	47.0	48.0	50.0	46.5		
Leather Products and Footwear	25.0	18.0	15.0	13.0	11.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	7.0		
Clothing	41.0	37.0	36.0	36.0	25.0	23.0	26.0	25.0	21.9		
Textiles	79.0	76.0	72.0	66.0	63.0	62.0	57.0	53.0	47.4		
Tobacco Products	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7		
Food Products & Beverages	123.0	128.0	132.0	130.0	126.0	119.0	120.0	115.0	112.5		

Note: Persons aged 15 years and over. Excl. armed forces. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding. Paid employment refers to workers in jobs where the incumbents hold explicit (written or oral) or implicit employment contracts which give them a basic remuneration which is not directly dependent upon the revenue of the unit for which they work, typically wages and salaries. Data are non-seasonally adjusted.

Source: ILO Laborsta.

Table 6: Average Weekly Working Hours in Manufacturing											
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
Total Manufacturing	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.4			
Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages	42.0	42.4	42.1	42.0	41.9	41.5	41.7	41.4			
Manufacture of Textiles	38.1	38.3	37.7	38.3	38.1	38.6	39.5	39.5			
Manufacture of Wearing Apparel; Dressing and Dyeing of Fur	39.8	39.7	39.7	38.2	39.3	38.5	39.4	38.1			
Tanning and Dressing of Leather; Manufacture of Luggage, Handbags, Saddlery, Harness and Footwear	39.8	38.0	40.0	40.3	40.2	38.5	39.1	39.4			
Manufacture of Wood and of Products of Wood and Cork, except Furniture; Manufacture of articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials	41.0	40.1	40.3	41.1	40.5	39.6	40.2	40.1			
Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products	40.2	41.6	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.8	41.9	41.8			
Publishing, Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media	42.4	42.7	40.9	40.1	40.1	39.8	40.0	40.6			
Manufacture of Chemicals and Chemical Products	39.2	39.2	41.0	39.4	39.4	39.1	39.0	38.9			
Manufacture of Rubber and Plastics Products	41.4	41.3	40.0	40.1	40.0	39.8	40.6	40.7			
Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products	42.3	41.3	42.8	41.7	41.5	40.6	40.5	40.3			
Manufacture of Basic Metals	39.4	40.4	38.6	40.4	39.9	40.2	40.7	39.9			
Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products, except Machinery and Equipment	40.5	40.4	40.2	39.9	40.2	40.0	40.1	40.2			
Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment NEC	41.7	41.8	42.3	42.1	41.9	41.4	41.1	41.0			
Manufacture of Electrical Machinery and Apparatus NEC	40.9	40.7	40.4	40.0	40.0	41.0	40.3	40.5			
Manufacture of Radio, Television and Communication Equipment and Apparatus	39.9	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.4	40.0	39.9	40.4			
Manufacture of Medical, Precision and Optical Instruments, Watches and Clocks	39.2	40.4	38.4	39.7	39.5	40.8	40.8	40.2			
Manufacture of Motor Vehicles, Trailers and Semi-Trailers	41.8	40.9	41.7	40.5	41.4	41.2	41.3	41.1			
Manufacture of other Transport Equipment	41.4	41.2	42.8	40.3	40.3	41.3	41.2	41.0			
Manufacture of Furniture; Manufacturing NEC	39.3	39.8	40.3	39.8	40.1	40.3	40.0	39.8			
Recycling	40.7	40.5	41.0	38.9	40.9	:	:	40.2			

Source: ILO Laborsta. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding.

Table 7: Average Monthly Earnings (Czech Koruna)												
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007				
Total Economy	12,918.0	13,996.0	14,999.0	15,936.0	17,006.0	17,827.0	18,976.0	20,333.0				
Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	10,307.0	11,189.0	11,493.0	11,888.0	12,841.0	13,571.0	14,374.0	15,773.0				
Fishing	11,877.0	12,835.0	13,397.0	13,670.0	14,891.0	15,465.0	16,295.0	17,044.0				
Mining and Quarrying	16,601.0	17,751.0	18,846.0	19,640.0	21,203.0	22,156.0	24,003.0	25,759.0				
Manufacturing	12,780.0	13,699.0	14,589.0	15,329.0	16,560.0	17,337.0	18,482.0	19,761.0				
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	17,049.0	18,369.0	19,714.0	21,226.0	22,463.0	24,035.0	26,027.0	27,887.0				
Construction	12,509.0	13,566.0	14,188.0	15,216.0	16,040.0	16,547.0	17,637.0	18,781.0				
Wholesale and Retail Trade	12,471.0	13,246.0	13,991.0	14,718.0	15,927.0	16,711.0	17,856.0	19,365.0				
Hotels and Restaurants	7,048.0	7,887.0	8,610.0	9,314.0	9,855.0	10,067.0	10,845.0	11,476.0				
Transport, Storage and Communications	14,143.0	15,340.0	16,413.0	17,268.0	18,482.0	19,362.0	20,444.0	21,560.0				
Financial Intermediation	25,383.0	28,531.0	30,862.0	32,643.0	34,857.0	36,824.0	39,198.0	41,030.0				
Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	14,057.0	15,292.0	16,338.0	17,355.0	18,379.0	19,352.0	20,328.0	22,049.0				
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	15,059.0	16,445.0	18,077.0	19,483.0	20,527.0	21,882.0	22,965.0	24,636.0				
Education	11,220.0	12,395.0	13,577.0	15,251.0	15,969.0	17,081.0	18,116.0	19,374.0				
Health and Social Work	11,422.0	12,857.0	14,419.0	15,520.0	16,163.0	16,670.0	17,984.0	19,107.0				
Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities	10,926.0	11,770.0	12,581.0	13,510.0	14,232.0	14,986.0	16,076.0	16,972.0				

Source: ILO Laborsta. Sectors are classified according to ISIC Rev.3, as reported in ILO Laborsta. Sum of individual sectors may not equal total due to rounding.