



### Short-time work and temporary workers in Spain: A dual labour market amid the Covid19 pandemic

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7th Regulating for Decent Work Conference

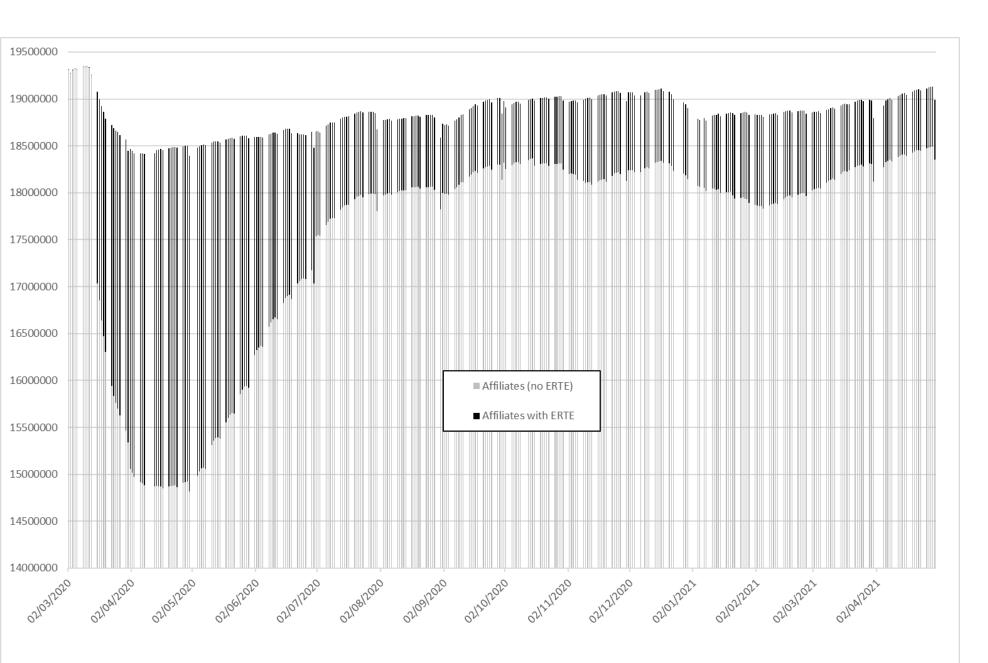
► COVID-19 and the world of work: Towards a human-centred recovery 6–9 July 2021, Virtual Conference, ILO Geneva



#### 1. Introduction and motivation

- The unexpected pandemic shock and the effects on the labour market.
- In many countries, intensive use of different Short-Time Work (STW) schemes:
  - •In Spain, an ERTE ('Expediente de Regulación de Empleo') may potentially applies to any worker, irrespective of the contract type.
- But, in fact, are the ERTEs covering in the same way workers with temporary and open-ended contracts?
  - •This question is interesting because of the dual structure of the Spanish labour market, focusing adjustment to the business cycle on workers with temporary contracts

#### ERTE: A new adjustment pattern? (1)

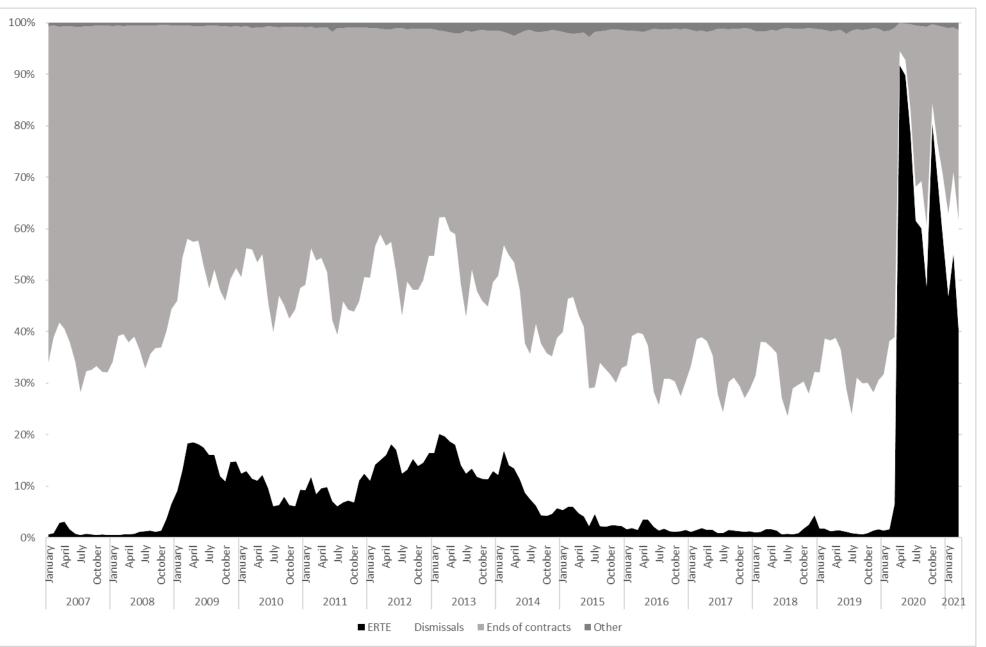


#### Daily affiliates to Social Security

Source: Social Security

- The ERTEs have kept a large number of workers as occupied
  - The standard concepts of employment and unemployment have not been very useful in the current crisis
  - This limitations affects both survey and administrative data sources

#### ERTE: A new adjustment pattern? (1)

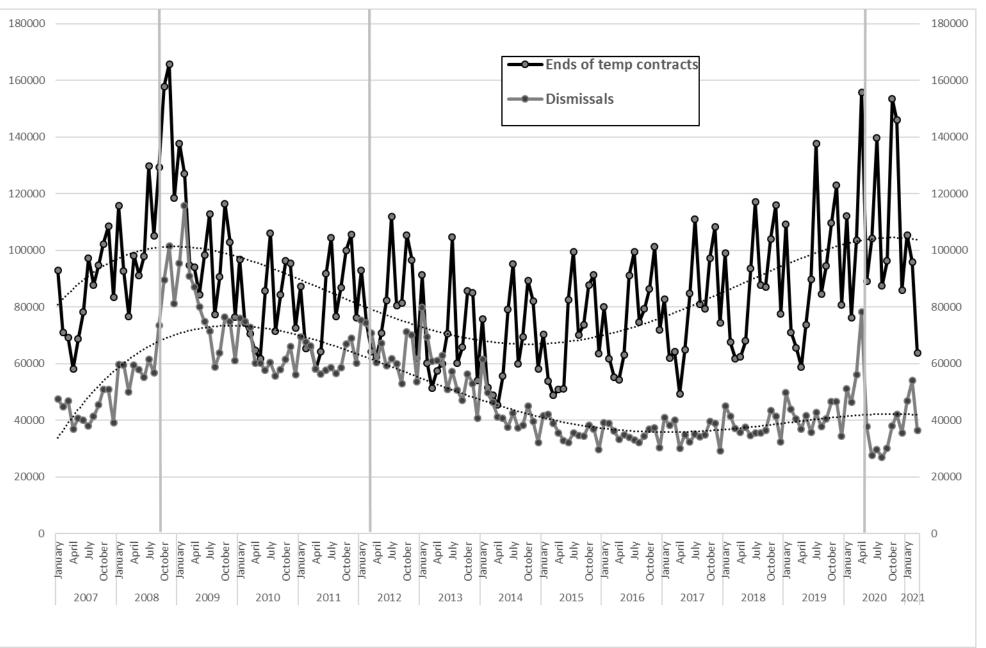


#### Distribution of new entries in unemployment benefits

Source: Ministry of Emloyment

In relative terms, the ERTEs have been the great adjustment tool, not dismissals or ends of temporary contracts

#### But, what happens for the number of dismissals and ends of temp contracts?

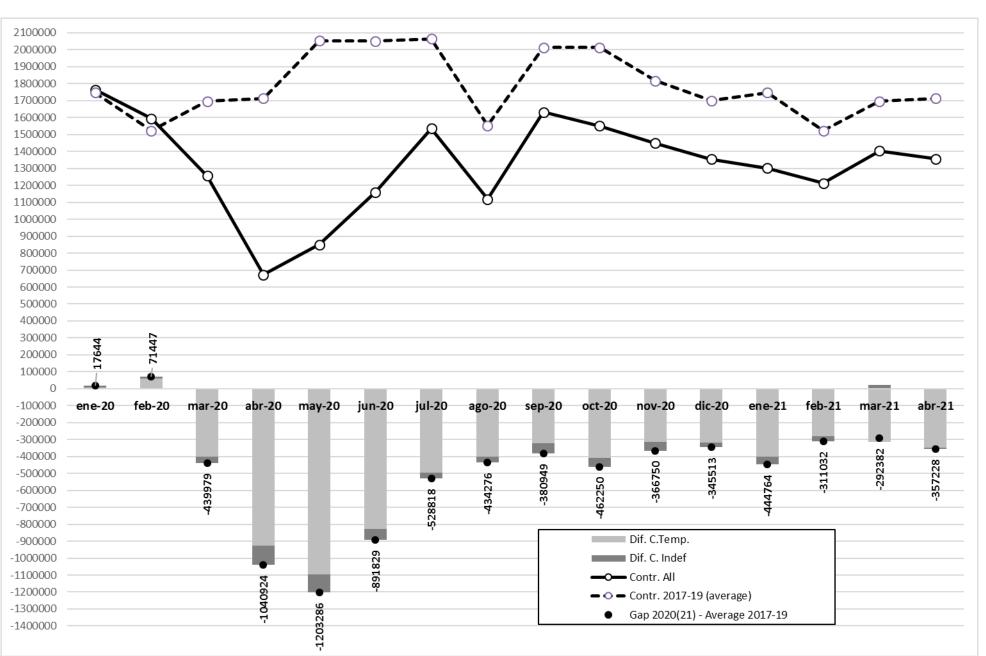


# Number of new entries in unemployment benefits because of dismissal and end of temporary contract

Source: Ministry of Employment

The adjustment in terms of number of dismissals has been limited in the pandemic (compared to the financial crisis), but not for the ends of temporary contracts

#### The gap of new contracts mainly affects to temporary contracts

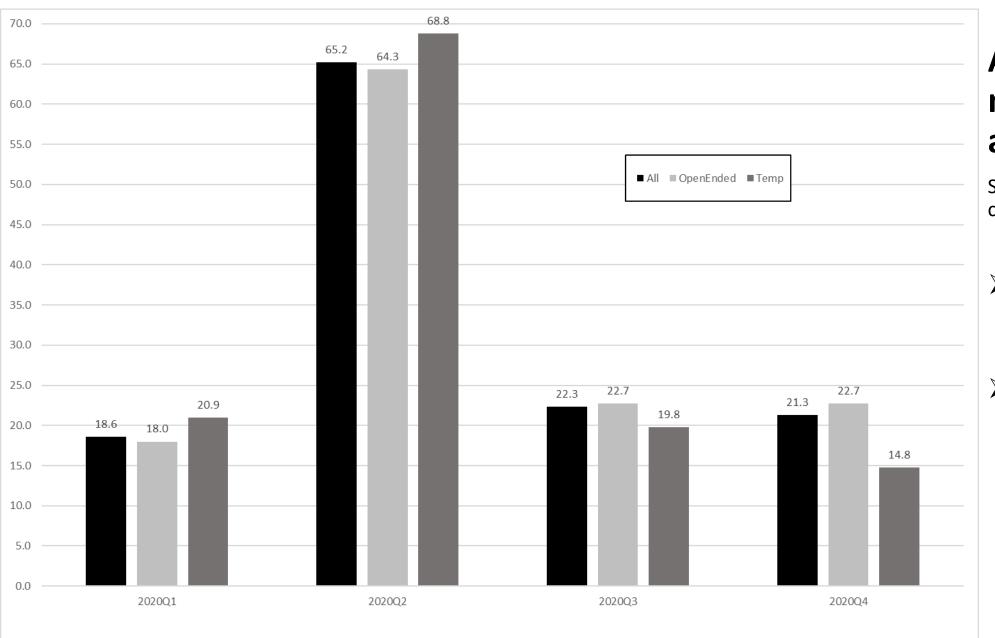


## New contracts in 2020 and 2021 compared to the average of 2017 to 2019

Source: Register of Contracts (Spanish Public Employment Office).

- There is an important and very slowy closing hiring gap
- The hiring gap mainly corresponds to temporary contracts

#### Temps and perms affected by an ERTE (1)



## Affected and not affected by an ERTE in 2020

Source: Spanish LFS and own calculations

- ➤ Huge concentration in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter (lockdown)
- ➤ Higher percentages of temps in the first semester and the opposite in the second one (especially in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter)

#### Temps and perms affected by an ERTE (2): By gender

| ALL WORKERS  |       |           |             |
|--|-------|-----------|-------------|
| Quarter  | All   | OpenEnded | Temp        |
| 2020Q1   | 18.6  | 18.0      | 20.9        |
| 2020Q2   | 65.2  | 64.3      | 68.8        |
| 2020Q3   | 22.3  | 22.7      | 19.8        |
| 2020Q4   | 21.3  | 22.7      | 14.8        |
| MALE WORKER  | RS    |           |             |
| Quarter  | All   | OpenEnded | Temp        |
| 2020Q1   | 18.7  | 18.3      | 20.4        |
| 2020Q2   | 65.3  | 65.2      | 65.5        |
| 2020Q3   | 21.3  | 22.1      | 16.8        |
| 2020Q4   | 19.9  | 21.6      | 12.5        |
| FEMALE WORKERS   |       |           |             |
| Quarter  | All   | OpenEnded | Temp        |
| 2020Q1   | 18.5  | 17.7      | 21.6        |
| 2020Q2   | 65.1  | 63.4      | 72.0        |
| 2020Q3   | 23.3  | 23.3      | 22.9        |
| 2020Q4   | 22.8  | 23.9      | 17.5        |
| Logistic regressions on being affected by an ERTE – Odds ratio |       |           |             |
|  | All   | Males     | Females     |
| Temp. Contract   | 0.875 | 0.818     | 0.935(n.s.) |

## Affected and not affected by an ERTE in 2020

Source: Spanish LFS and own calculations

- The percentage of temporary workers covered by an ERTE in all quarters was higher for women (last column)
- ➤ This percentage was almost the same for females and males with an open-ended contract (2<sup>nd</sup> column)
- ➤ Logits confirm these results by gender (last row)

#### Wrapping up

- The general question: Do STW schemes protect all workers irrespective of their contract type?
  - •Spanish case:
    - •STW: ERTE, with no distinction by contract type
    - Dual labour market

- Elements of the answer:
  - Until the lockdown, no great observed differences
  - Later, the dual structure of the Spanish labour market almost work as usual, resting more and more on the adjustment of temporary workers (mainly on male temps)
- Policy implications:
  - The ERTE is a powerful tool agains transitory shocks (even a big one as the pandemic crisis), but it is not almighty in a dual labour market





#### Thank you very much!

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